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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/882,018	06/18/2001	Claire-Sabine Randriamasy	Q64966 8810		
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2100 PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE, N.W. SUITE 800 WASHINGTON, DC 20037			DANIEL JR, WILLIE J		
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

		Application	n No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Summary		09/882,018	3	RANDRIAMASY, CLAIRE-SABINE				
		Examiner	-	Art Unit				
		Willie J. Da	niel, Jr.	2617				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply								
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).								
Status								
2a) This act	sive to communication(s) filed on <u>30</u> ion is FINAL . 2b)⊠ This application is in condition for allow accordance with the practice under	nis action is no vance except f	for formal matters, pro		e merits is			
Disposition of CI	aims							
4a) Of th 5) ☐ Claim(s 6) ☑ Claim(s 7) ☐ Claim(s) <u>1 and 3-10</u> is/are pending in the ap the above claim(s) is/are withdo) is/are allowed.) <u>1 and 3-10</u> is/are rejected.) is/are objected to.) are subject to restriction and	rawn from con						
Application Pape	ers							
10)⊡ The drav Applican Replacei	cification is objected to by the Exami ving(s) filed on is/are: a) at may not request that any objection to the ment drawing sheet(s) including the correspond or declaration is objected to by the	ccepted or b)[he drawing(s) be ection is require	e held in abeyance. See ed if the drawing(s) is obj	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). jected to. See 37 CF				
Priority under 35	U.S.C. § 119							
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 								
2) Notice of Drafts	ences Cited (PTO-892) person's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) closure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) til Date		4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:	ate				

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DETAILED ACTION

1. This action is in response to applicant's amendment filed on 30 July 2007. Claims 1 and 3-

10 are now pending in the present application and claim 2 is cancelled. This office action is

made Non-Final.

Specification

2. The disclosure is objected to because of the following informalities:

a. Specification recites "...server BSM..." on pg. 4, line(s) 27-28 without spelling out

the abbreviation in words.

Appropriate correction is required.

In response to applicant's argument in the paragraph bridging pgs. 6-7, "...BSM is

defined as best server maps...", the Examiner respectfully disagrees. The abbreviation BSM

does not clearly indicate best server maps. The Examiner suggests modifying the language

to include --best server maps (BSM)-- which is an example to help clarify the language. See

instant application pg. 3, line 14, "...operation and maintenance centers (OMC)..." which

clearly indicated what the abbreviation OMC is referencing.

3. This list of examples is not intended to be exhaustive.

Claim Objections

4. The objections applied to the claims are withdrawn, as the proposed claim corrections are

approved.

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

5. The 112 rejections applied to the claims are withdrawn.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

6. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

Claims 1 and 3-10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Vasudevan et al. (hereinafter Vasudevan) (US 6,539,221 B1).

Regarding **claim 1**, Vasudevan discloses a method of constructing a representation (Figs. 1, 5, and 17) of the geographical distribution of traffic for a cellular radio network (see abstract; col. 1, line 64 - col. 2, line 5; col. 2, lines 14-42), the method comprising the steps of:

dividing each cell of said cellular network into a set of sectors which reads on the claimed "areas" using information on handovers obtained from said cellular network (see col. 1, line 64 - col. 2, line 5; col. 5, lines 1-12; Figs. 5, 6, 7, 8, and 20), where the cell is divided into areas for handover of traffic;

determining a traffic threshold which reads on the claimed "value" for each of said areas (see col. 8, lines 14-19,44-64; col. 11, lines 4-11; col. 13, lines 9-19; Figs. 3, 22b, 22f, and 22h), where a threshold is calculated for each cell area; and

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determining a representation of the geographical distribution of the traffic from said traffic values (see col. 3, lines 47-64; col. 8, line 44 - col. 9, line 17; Figs. 5, 8, 11, 13, and 17), where the cell is split according to traffic threshold; and

outputting the determined representation (Figs. 1 and 24), where the system has a traffic map which maps traffic of an area,

wherein the traffic value of an area depends on an outgoing handover probability from said are to a neighboring cell (see col. 8, lines 14-19,44-64; col. 11, lines 4-11; col. 13, lines 10-19; Fig. 22b).

Regarding **claim 3**, Vasudevan discloses a method according to claim 2, wherein said handover probabilities are computed conjointly with said traffic values by a constraint optimization method (see col. 1, lines 41-49; col. 5, line 39 - col. 8 line 43; col. 13, lines 10-19; Figs. 18 and 22b), where the network optimization is performed within the constraints of the algorithms.

Regarding **claim 4**, Vasudevan discloses a method according to claim 1, wherein the dividing of each cell comprises:

acquiring incoming handover boundaries from best server maps provided by a management system (see col. 3, lines 6-64; col. 4, lines 32 - col. 5, line 35; Figs. 16, 17, and 23a-c), where the system determines the handover boundaries which are adjusted according to traffic demands, and

computing outgoing handover boundaries from said incoming handover boundaries (see col. 3, lines 6-64; col. 4, lines 32 - col. 5, line 35; Figs. 16, 17, and 23a-c), where determining

of the outgoing boundaries are generated from the incoming boundary would be inherent for handover as one of ordinary skill in the art would clearly recognize,

dividing each cell of said cellular network into a set of sectors which reads on the claimed "areas" using the outgoing handover boundaries (see col. 1, line 64 - col. 2, line 5; col. 5, lines 1-12; Figs. 5, 6, 7, 8, and 20), where the cell is divided into areas for handover of traffic between sectors of cell,

wherein said outgoing handover boundaries form the boundaries of said areas (see col. 3, lines 6-64; col. 4, lines 32 - col. 5, line 35; Figs. 16, 17, and 23a-c), where determining of the outgoing boundaries are generated from the incoming boundary for handover.

Regarding **claim 5**, Vasudevan discloses a method according to claim 1, wherein the following constraint is satisfied for each cell: addition of all the traffic values (λ_k) of the areas comprised in a cell (i) is equal to the traffic value of the cell (i) (see col. 5, lines 1-12; col. 8, lines 13-19; col. 9, line 33 - col. 10, line 14; col. 13, lines 9-19; Fig. 22b-h), where the cell/sectors have a power limit and traffic threshold that the densification program use for the algorithm and Erlang and Poisson formulas to optimize the network.

Regarding **claim 6**, Vasudevan discloses a method according to claim 1, wherein a distinction is made between two types of areas contained in a cell C_i:

areas near a cell C_i, for which probability that a call will be subject to an outgoing handover is relatively high (see col. 8, lines 8-33,44-64; col. 11, lines 4-11; col. 13, lines 10-19; Fig. 22b),

other areas near a cell C_i, for which probability that a call will be subject to an outgoing handover is relatively low (see col. 8, lines 8-33,44-64; col. 11, lines 4-11; col. 13, lines 10-

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19; Fig. 22b). The cells of the system are divided into areas (e.g., sectors) for handover of traffic between sectors of cell (see col. 1, line 64 - col. 2, line 5; col. 5, lines 1-12; Figs. 5, 6, 7, 8, and 20), where system considers the demand in each area and projected demand (see col. 3, lines 11-20; col. 7, lines 38-41; claim 1).

Regarding **claim 7**, Vasudevan discloses a computer planning device for constructing a representation (Figs. 1, 5, and 17) of the geographical distribution of traffic for a cellular radio network (see abstract; col. 1, line 64 - col. 2, line 5; col. 2, lines 14-42), the device comprising:

a dividing instruction for dividing each cell of said cellular network into a set of sectors which reads on the claimed "areas" using information on handovers obtained from said cellular network (see col. 1, line 64 - col. 2, line 5; col. 5, lines 1-12; Figs. 5, 6, 7, 8, and 20), where the cell is divided into areas for handover of traffic;

a first determining instruction for determining a traffic threshold which reads on the claimed "value" for each of said areas (see col. 8, lines 14-19,44-64; col. 11, lines 4-11; col. 13, lines 9-19; Figs. 3, 22b, 22f, and 22h), where a threshold is calculated for each cell area; and

a second determining instruction for determining a representation of the geographical distribution of the traffic from said traffic values (see col. 3, lines 47-64; col. 8, line 44 - col. 9, line 17; Figs. 5, 8, 11, 13, and 17), where the cell is split according to traffic threshold; and an outputting instruction for outputting the determined representation to a management unit (Figs. 1 and 24), where the system has a traffic map which maps traffic of an area,

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wherein the traffic value of an area depends on an outgoing handover probability from said are to a neighboring cell (see col. 8, lines 14-19,44-64; col. 11, lines 4-11; col. 13, lines 10-19; Fig. 22b).

Regarding **claim 8**, Vasudevan discloses the method according to claim 1, wherein said outputting comprises outputting the determined representation to a management unit to generate an alarm or to take corrective measures when needed (see col. 9, lines 18-20), where the system recognizing the traffic conditions for an area to provide cell splitting in which the alarm would be inherent as one of ordinary skill in the art would clearly recognize.

Regarding **claim 9**, Vasudevan discloses the computer planning device according to claim 7, wherein said outputting instruction outputs the determined representation to a management unit to generate an alarm or to take corrective measures when needed (see col. 9, lines 18-20), where the system recognizing the traffic conditions for an area to provide cell splitting in which the alarm would be inherent as one of ordinary skill in the art would clearly recognize.

Regarding **claim 10**, Vasudevan discloses a mobile telecommunications network split into a plurality of cells (see col. 1, line 64 - col. 2, line 5; col. 2, lines 14-42; col. 9, lines 18-20), the network comprising:

a plurality of base stations, wherein each of the base stations are allocated to a respective cell within the plurality of cells (see col. 7, lines 38-40; Figs. 23a-c);

a management unit for managing the network (see Fig. 1);

a planning tool for constructing a representation of the geographical distribution of traffic for a cellular radio network (see Fig. 1),

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wherein the planning tool divides each cell of said cellular network into a set of areas using information on handovers boundaries obtained from said cellular network, determines a traffic value for each of said areas, and determines a representation of the geographical distribution of the traffic from said traffic values (see col. 1, line 64 - col. 2, line 5; col. 5, lines 1-12; col. 8, lines 14-19,44-64; col. 11, lines 4-11; col. 13, lines 9-19; Figs. 5, 6, 7, 8, and 20; claim 1); and

a storage unit storing the determined representation for determining whether corrective measures are needed with respect to allocation of the plurality of base stations to respective cells, wherein the traffic value of an area depends on an outgoing handover probability from said area to a neighboring cell (see col. 8, lines 14-19,44-64; col. 11, lines 4-11; col. 13, lines 10-19; Fig. 22b).

Response to Arguments

7. Applicant's arguments filed 30 July 2007 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

The Examiner respectfully disagrees with applicant's arguments as the applied reference(s) provide more than adequate support and to further clarify (see the above claims and comments in this section).

Regarding applicant's argument of claim 1 on pg. 8, section V, 3rd paragraph. 8. "...does not disclose a method of constructing a representation of the geographical distribution of traffic for a cellular radio network including dividing each cell of said cellular network into a set of areas using information on handovers obtained from said cellular network, determining a traffic value for each of said areas, and determining a representation of the geographical distribution of the traffic from said traffic values, wherein the traffic value of an area depends on an outgoing handover probability from said are to a neighboring cell...", the Examiner respectfully disagrees. Applicant has failed to appreciate the teachings of well-known prior art Vasudevan that clearly discloses the claimed feature(s) as would be clearly recognized by one of ordinary skill in the art. As a note, applicant did not argue the feature "...outputting the determined representation..." in which the Examiner interprets that applicant must agree that the feature is met by the applied reference. In particular, Vasudevan discloses the feature(s) a method of constructing a representation (Figs. 1, 5, and 17) of the geographical distribution of traffic for a cellular radio network (see abstract; col. 1, line 64 - col. 2, line 5; col. 2, lines 14-42), the method comprising the steps of:

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dividing each cell of said cellular network into a set of sectors which reads on the claimed "areas" using information on handovers obtained from said cellular network (see col. 1, line 64 - col. 2, line 5; col. 5, lines 1-12; Figs. 5, 6, 7, 8, and 20), where the cell is divided into areas for handover of traffic;

determining a traffic threshold which reads on the claimed "value" for each of said areas (see col. 8, lines 14-19,44-64; col. 11, lines 4-11; col. 13, lines 9-19; Figs. 3, 22b, 22f, and 22h), where a threshold is calculated for each cell area; and

determining a representation of the geographical distribution of the traffic from said traffic values (see col. 3, lines 47-64; col. 8, line 44 - col. 9, line 17; Figs. 5, 8, 11, 13, and 17), where the cell is split according to traffic threshold; and

outputting the determined representation (Figs. 1 and 24), where the system has a traffic map which maps traffic of an area,

wherein the traffic value of an area depends on an outgoing handover probability from said are to a neighboring cell (see col. 8, lines 14-19,44-64; col. 11, lines 4-11; col. 13, lines 10-19; Fig. 22b). Therefore, as addressed above, the applied reference more than adequately meets the claim limitations.

- 9. Regarding applicant's argument(s) of claims 3-10, the claims are addressed for the same reasons as set forth above and as applied above in each claim rejection.
- 10. The Examiner requests applicant to provide support for any further amended claim language.

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Conclusion

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11. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Willie J. Daniel, Jr. whose telephone number is (571) 272-7907. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:30-4:30.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Charles Appiah can be reached on (571) 272-7904. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/WJD,JR/

WJD,JR

05 October 2007

CHARLES N. APPIAH SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER